Audiovisual Museum of the Resistance

Background to the formation of the Museum

In 1948 a summertime mountain camp for boys and girls was created on land given by a private citizen to the Comune of Sarzana using voluntary labour provided by expartisans and local townsfolk. From that date until the summer of 1971 the camp provided summer holidays for thousands of children.

In the years that followed, the building fell into disrepair due to lack of adequate maintenance. During 1994, at the initiative of the ANPI of Sarzana and with the support of the local Comune, it was decided to transform the building into a Museum of the Resistance of the Provinces of La Spezia and Massa Carrara; cities which had been decorated with the Gold Medal for Military Valour in recognition of the efforts made by their citizens to re-establish freedom and democracy in Italy.



In the fullness of time and with the assistance of numerous public bodies, associations and private citizens, the old camp was rescued and transformed into a monument for peace in a zone that had been a theatre of violent conflict between partisans, Germans and fascists and had endured both physical destruction and the senseless slaughter of many of its defenceless inhabitants.

Restoration of the building structure of the museum was completed in 1999 and the Museum was officially opened on 3rd June 2000. It contains modern audio-visual installations complete with multimedia support that allow people to journey through modern history and to deepen their knowledge both of the Resistance movement and of the development of Italian democracy.

The Museum is dedicated to the memory of the Partisan Commandant, Alessandro Brucellaria "Memo" and Flavio Bertone "Walter" and all those that fought for freedom.

Format

The Museum is small. The main building is U-shaped, there being a kitchen/staff area in the left hand wing and public toilets/cloakrooms in the right hand wing. The central area is fitted out with tables on which the multimedia equipment is installed.

The Museum brings together the recollections and personal testimonies of individuals from different backgrounds who had diverse experiences of the hardships of war -country people, partisans, townsfolk etc. The emphasis is on war as it affects individuals and their local communities rather than on the wider historical context.

Entry Fees / Hours of Opening

Entry costs 2eu (1eu concessionary price for children, students and the elderly).

Admission: September/October: Thursday to Sunday 4-7pm

Nov to March inc: Thursday to Sunday 3-6pm April to October inc: Thursday to Saturday 4-7pm

Sunday 10am-1pm & 4-7pm

Tel: 0187 680014 Email: info@museodellaresistenza.it

How to Get There

To get to Fosdinovo proceed by car as follows:

- a) via Autostrada A12 Genova-Livorno, taking the Sarzana or Carrara exit;
- b) via Autostrada A15 La Spezia-Parma, taking the S. Stefano or Sarzana exit; and
- c) via Strada Statale (SS) Roads 1 (Aurelia), 62 (Cisa Pass) and 63 (Cerreto Pass).

The SS 1 Aurelia junction for Fosdinovo is about 3km South of Sarzana in the locality of Ponte Isolone-Caniparola. From here the village is an 8km uphill drive away.

To reach Fosdinovo via the SS 63 from Cerreto, turn South on SS 446 at the Soliera junction and head towards Ceserano, S Terenzo & Tendola.

To reach Fosdinovo from Carrara proceed along the SS 446 in the direction of Gragnana, Castelpoggio and Monte Bastione.

To get from Fosdinovo to the Museum

The Museum is about 2km away from the village of Fosdinovo in the locality of Le Prade. Leaving Fosdinovo behind you, head North for about 1km on the SS446 in the direction of Tendola-Fivizzano, then at the "Foce del Cucco" fork, turn left towards



Ponzanello and Canepari. several hundred metres you will see the Museum in an slightly elevated position on the corner to your right. It is a colonial style building reached via steps. There is no car park, roadside parking a couple available of hundred metres further along the Ponzanello road.

Comments

We have attempted to visit the Museum twice. On the first occasion we couldn't find it (the signage at the front is not exactly prominent). On the second occasion we found the place, but discovered that although it was officially open, the curator was not in attendance that day so we couldn't get in. This is unfortunately symptomatic of a general problem with museums in the Lunigiana. On average for every museum/gallery we get into there are two which, though advertised as open, are actually closed.

On the face of it, the Museum should be well worth a visit, especially if you have some Italian language skills.

EAW/9.11.08